

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Platinum

According to Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice, December 2011

SECTION 1: Identification: Product identifier and chemical identity				
Product identifier				
Product name	Platinum			
Product No.	385-19/246-4			
Relevant identified uses of th	e substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Application	Car maintenance product Polish.			
Uses advised against	This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other than the Identified uses above. For professional use only.			
Details of the supplier of the	safety data sheet			
Supplier	Autosmart Australia 11 Darrambal Close Rathmines NSW 2283 Australia www.autosmartaustralia.com.au Tel: 02 49 75 14 88 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST) (General Information. Transport Information. Mild Medical Information) autosmart@autosmartaustralia.com.au			
Contact Person	Mr. Russell Butler			
Manufacturer	Autosmart International Ltd Lynn Lane Shenstone, nr Lichfield Staffordshire WS14 0DH Great Britain www.autosmartinternational.com Tel: +44 (0) 1543 481616 (09:00 - 17:00) Fax: +44 (0) 1543 481549 (09:00 - 17:00) info@autosmartinternational.com			
Emergency telephone number				
Emergency telephone	Emergency No: +44 7808 971321 (24hrs) (Autosmart International, UK) General Information. Transport Information. Mild medical Information:- Tel: 02 49 75 14 88 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST)			
National emergency telephor number	e Poison Information Hotline: 13 11 26			
SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identi	ification			
Classification of the substance or mixture				

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards	Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336		
Environmental hazards	Not Classified		
Label elements			
Pictogram			
Signal word	Warning		
Hazard statements	H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P261 Avoid breathing vapours.</li> <li>P261 Avoid breathing dust.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> </ul>		
Contains	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics		

### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients

### Mixtures

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

CAS number: 64742-48-9

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

#### Anhydrous Aluminium Silicate

CAS number: 92704-41-1

Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit.

## Classification

Not Classified

Siloxanes and Silicones, 3-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]propyl Me, di-Me

CAS number: 71750-79-3

Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 2<3%

5<10%

20<30%

Paraffin Wax 150/155	0.5<0.7%
CAS number: 8002-74-2	
Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit.	
Classification Not Classified	
Paraffin Wax	0.5<0.7%
CAS number: 8002-74-2	
Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit.	
Classification	
Not Classified	
	0.1<0.2%
CAS number: 13463-67-7	
Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit.	
Classification	
Not Classified	
Diiron Trioxide	0.1<0.2%
CAS number: 1309-37-1	
Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit.	
Classification Not Classified	
The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.	
SECTION 4: First aid measures	

## Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
Skin Contact	Rinse with water.

Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.	
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Was contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	
Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.	
Ingestion	Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.	
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.	
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.	
Indication of any immediate me	edical attention and special treatment needed	
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	ures	
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
Special hazards arising from the	ne substance or mixture	
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.	
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.	
Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to Australia/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 4967 (for clothing) AS/NZS 1801 (for helmets), AS/NZS 4821 (for protective boots), AS/NZS 1801 (for protective gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing a described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of dust and vapours. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.		
Environmental precautions			
Environmental precautions	Immiscible with water. Aquatic toxicity is unlikely to occur. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollutio occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
Methods and material for conta	ainment and cleaning up		
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Following dilution, discharge to the sewer with plenty of water may be permitted. The requirements of the local water authority must be complied with if contaminated water is flushed directly to the sewer. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.		
Reference to other sections			
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.		
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage, including how the chemical may be safely used		
Precautions for safe handling			
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment.		
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.		
Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.		

### Storage class

Specific end use(s)

Chemical storage.

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

### Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

### Anhydrous Aluminium Silicate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): NOHSC 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### Paraffin Wax 150/155

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> fume

#### Paraffin Wax

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> fume

#### **Titanium Dioxide**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### **Diiron Trioxide**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> fume

#### as Fe

NOHSC = The National Occupational Health and Safety Commission.

#### Siloxanes and Silicones, 3-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]propyl Me, di-Me (CAS: 71750-79-3)

#### Ingredient comments

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

#### Exposure controls

#### **Protective equipment**



Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and complies with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716.
Environmental exposure	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

### controls

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Viscous liquid.		
Colour	White.		
Odour	Pleasant, agreeable.		
Odour threshold	Not available.		
рН	Not applicable.		
Melting point	~ 0°C		
Initial boiling point and range	Not available.		
Flash point	> 62°C CC (Closed cup).		
Evaporation rate	Not available.		
Flammability Limit - Lower(%)	Not available.		
Other flammability	This product does not sustain combustion, according to the sustained combustibility test L Part III, section 32 of the UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria.		
Vapour pressure	Not available.		
Vapour density	Not available.		

Relative density	~ 0.940 @ (20°C)°C		
Solubility Value (g/100g H2O 20°C)	Insoluble in water. Miscible with the following materials: Hydrocarbons.		
Partition coefficient	Not available.		
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.		
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.		
Viscosity	~17,000 cP @ 20°C Kinematic viscosity > 20.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s.		
Oxidising properties	Not applicable.		
Comments	Information declared as "Not available" or "Not applicable" is not considered to be relevant to the implementation of the proper control measures.		
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 188 g/litre.		
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity		
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.		
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.		
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.		
SECTION 11: Toxicological int	formation		
Information on toxicological ef	fects		
Acute toxicity - oral			
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD <sub>50</sub> )	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes (inhalation LC50)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Skin corrosion/irritation Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Human skin model test	No information required.		
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Respiratory sensitisation			

Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure	
STOT - single exposure	STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Target organs	Central nervous system	
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.	
Ingestion	Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.	
Skin Contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.	
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.	
Acute and chronic health hazards	Because of the product's quantity and composition, the health hazard is regarded as low. This product has low toxicity. Only large quantities are likely to have adverse effects on human health. No specific acute or chronic health impact noted, but this chemical may still have adverse impact on human health, either in general or on certain individuals with pre-existing or latent health problems.	
Route of entry	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact	
Target Organs	Central nervous system	
Medical Symptoms	No specific symptoms noted, but this chemical may still have adverse health impact, either in general or on certain individuals.	
Toxicological information on ingredients.		

## Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

Acute toxicity - o	oral			
Acute toxicity or mg/kg)	al (LD₅₀	5,000.0		
Species		Rat		
Acute toxicity - o	lermal			
Acute toxicity de mg/kg)	ermal (LD₅₀	5,000.0		
Species		Rabbit		
	Silo	xanes and Silicones, 3-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]propyl Me, di-Me		
Acute toxicity - o	Acute toxicity - oral			
Acute toxicity or mg/kg)	al (LD₅o	2,000.0		
Species		Rat		
		Paraffin Wax		
Other health eff	ects	There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.		
SECTION 12: Ecological Information				
Ecotoxicity	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.			
Ecological information on ing	Ecological information on ingredients.			
	Hydro	carbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics		
Ecotoxicity		The product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.		
	Silo	xanes and Silicones, 3-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]propyl Me, di-Me		
Ecotoxicity		The product does not contain organically bound halogen. The product contains an organic complexing agent with a DOC level of degradation of < 80% after 28 days.		
Toxicity	Based o	n available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Acute toxicity - fish	Not determined.			
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	Not determined.			
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	Not determined.			
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	Not determined.			
Acute toxicity - terrestrial	Not dete	rmined.		
Ecological information on ing	Ecological information on ingredients.			
	Silo	xanes and Silicones, 3-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]propyl Me, di-Me		

Acute toxicity - fish Not available.

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	Not applicable.
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	Not applicable.

### Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics			
Persistence and degradability	Volatile substances are degraded in the atmosphere within a few days.			
	Siloxanes and Silicones, 3-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]propyl Me, di-Me			
Persistence and degradability	There are no data on the degradability of this product.			
	Paraffin Wax			
Persistence and degradability	The product is not readily biodegradable.			
Bioaccumulative potential				
Bioaccumulative Potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.			
Partition coefficient	Not available.			
Ecological information on ing	lients.			
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics			
Bioaccumulative	<b>totential</b> The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.			
	Siloxanes and Silicones, 3-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]propyl Me, di-Me			
Bioaccumulative	otential No data available on bioaccumulation.			
	Paraffin Wax			
Bioaccumulative	otential The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.			
Mobility in soil				
Mobility	The product is insoluble in water. The product contains volatile substances which may spread in the atmosphere.			
Ecological information on ingredients.				
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics			
Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.			
	Siloxanes and Silicones, 3-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]propyl Me, di-Me			

	Mobility		The product is insoluble in water and will spread on the water surface.	
			Paraffin Wax	
	Mobility		Not considered mobile.	
Results of Pl	BT and vPvB asses	ssment		
Results of Pl assessment	BT and vPvB	This pro	duct does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.	
Ecological in	formation on ingree	dients.		
		Hydro	carbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	
	Results of PBT an assessment	d vPvB	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.	
		Silo	xanes and Silicones, 3-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]propyl Me, di-Me	
	Results of PBT an assessment	d vPvB	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.	
Other advers	se effects			
Other advers	se effects	None kn	own.	
SECTION 13	3: Disposal conside	rations		
Waste treatn	nent methods			
General info		products way. Dis comply any loca handling containe	eration of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe posal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and all authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied ers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners ain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.	
Disposal met		Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Waste packaging should be collected for reuse or recycling. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.		
SECTION 14	I: Transport information	ation		
General		-	duct is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods IATA, ADR/RID).	
UN number				
Not applicab	le.			
UN proper st	nipping name			
Not applicab	le.			
Transport ha	zard class(es)			
No transport	warning sign requi	red.		

#### **Transport labels**

### Packing group

Not applicable.

### Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

### Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

### Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## Schedule (SUSMP)

No Poison Schedule number allocated

#### Inventories

### Australia - AICS

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Any other relevant information				
General information	This product has been manufactured under ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 Quality and Environmental Management Systems.			
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.			
Revision comments	NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.			
Issued by	Prepared by Autosmart International Ltd, Lynn Lane, Shenstone, Lichfield, Staffordshire, WS14 0DH, Great Britain. www.autosmartinternational.com rbutler@autosmart.co.uk Tel +44 (0)1543 481616			
Revision date	14/06/2016			
Revision	10			
Supersedes date	16/05/2016			
SDS No.	10231			
SDS status	Approved.			
Hazard statements in full	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.