

SAFETY DATA SHEET Quick Shine

According to Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice, December 2011

SECTION 1: Identification: Product identifier and chemical identity

Product identifier

Product name Quick Shine

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Application Dressing

Uses advised against For professional use only. This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or

consumer use other than the Identified uses above.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Autosmart Australia

11 Darrambal Close

Rathmines NSW 2283 Australia

www.autosmartaustralia.com.au

Tel: 02 49 75 14 88 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST) (General Information. Transport

Information. Mild Medical Information) autosmart@autosmartaustralia.com.au

Contact Person Mr. Russell Butler

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Emergency No: +44 7808 971321 (24hrs) (Autosmart International, UK)

General Information. Transport Information. Mild medical Information:-

Tel: 02 49 75 14 88 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST)

National emergency telephone Poison Information Hotline: 13 11 26

number

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Repr. 2 - H361fd STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 -

H304

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Label elements

Pictogram









Signal word Danger

Quick Shine

Hazard statements H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Supplemental label

For professional users only.

information AUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Contains SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPH.; LOW BOILING POINT NAPHTH,

HEXANE-norm, Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics,

TOLUENE

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Mixtures

SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPH.; LOW **BOILING POINT NAPHTH**

30<60%

CAS number: 64742-89-8

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

HEXANE-norm 20<30%

CAS number: 110-54-3

Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit.

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Repr. 2 - H361f STOT SF 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Quick Shine

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2%

10<15%

aromatics

CAS number: 64742-48-9

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

TOLUENE 3<5%

CAS number: 108-88-3

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Repr. 2 - H361d STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery

position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if

the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that

vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact Rinse with water.

Eye contact Rinse with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause

cancer.

Quick Shine

Ingestion May cause irritation. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or

vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the

following adverse effects: May cause cancer.

Skin contact Redness. Irritating to skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse

effects: May cause cancer.

Eye contact No specific symptoms known. May be slightly irritating to eyes.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder

or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

> Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Fire-water run-off in sewers may create fire or

explosion hazard.

Hazardous combustion

products

Hydrocarbons. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to Australia/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 4967 (for clothing) AS/NZS 1801 (for helmets), AS/NZS 4821 (for protective boots), AS/NZS 1801 (for protective gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Hazchem Code 3YE

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be

> taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Avoid inhalation of dust and

vapours. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.

Environmental precautions

Quick Shine

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. Absorb small quantities with paper towels and evaporate in a safe place. Once evaporation is complete, place paper in a suitable waste disposal container and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage, including how the chemical may be safely used

Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. May cause cancer. May cause genetic defects. CLP only - Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Pregnant or breastfeeding women should not work with this product if there is any risk of exposure. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store locked up. I

Store locked up. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage.

Storage class

Flammable liquid storage.

Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

HEXANE-norm

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 20 ppm 72 mg/m³

TOLUENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 50 ppm 191 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): 150 ppm 574 mg/m³

Sk

Quick Shine

Sk = Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPH.; LOW BOILING POINT NAPHTH (CAS: 64742-89-8)

Ingredient comments No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics (CAS: 64742-48-9)

Ingredient comments No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

Exposure controls

Protective equipment







Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Eye/face protection

Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Respiratory protection

Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and complies with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear liquid.

Colour Water-white.

Odour Sweetish.

Quick Shine

pH Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and range 66 - 115°C @ 1013 mbar

Flash point < -20°C CC (Closed cup).

Flammability Limit - Lower(%) Lower flammable/explosive limit: 1 % Upper flammable/explosive limit: 7.5 %

Relative density ~ 0.685 - 0.720 @ 15°C

Solubility Value (g/100g H2O

20°C)

Insoluble in water.

Auto-ignition temperature 350°C

Viscosity Kinematic viscosity ≤ 20.5 mm²/s.

Comments Information declared as "Not available" or "Not applicable" is not considered to be relevant to

the implementation of the proper control measures.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode

when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks

must be prevented.

Materials to avoid Oxidising materials. Acids - oxidising.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Quick Shine

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC carcinogenicity Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 3 Not classifiable

as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility CLP only - Suspected of damaging fertility.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure STOT RE 2 - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Pneumonia may be the

result if vomited material containing solvents reaches the lungs.

General information Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. May cause cancer after repeated exposure.

Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. May cause genetic defects. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of

exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic

effect.

Ingestion May cause irritation. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or

vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.

Skin Contact Redness. Irritating to skin.

Eye contact No specific symptoms known.

Route of entry Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target Organs Central nervous system

Toxicological information on ingredients.

HEXANE-norm

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

5,000.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Quick Shine

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 2,000.0

mg/kg)

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Estimated value.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Central nervous system depression including narcotic effects such as drowsiness,

narcosis, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination, and vertigo.

Target organs Brain Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects:

Target organs Brain Central nervous system

Inhalation

Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through

inhalation. Vapour may affect central nervous system. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Intoxication. May cause discomfort. The product contains organic solvents. Overexposure may

depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication.

Acute and chronic health

hazards

Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems. Prolonged or repeated exposure to vapours in high concentrations may cause the following adverse effects: Nausea, vomiting.

Headache. Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may

lead to permanent health problems.

Route of entry Inhalation Ingestion.

Target Organs Brain Central nervous system

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

5,000.0

Rat **Species**

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 5,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

TOLUENE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

2,600.0

Species Rat

Quick Shine

ATE oral (mg/kg) 2,600.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 12,124.0

mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 12,124.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

1

(LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

8,800.0

8,800.0

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Not sensitising.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroThis substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

Genotoxicity - in vivoThis substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

Carcinogenicity

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Target organs Central nervous system

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Kinematic viscosity ≤ 20.5 mm²/s.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecological information on ingredients.

HEXANE-norm

Ecotoxicity The product contains substances which are toxic to aquatic organisms and which

may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Ecotoxicity The product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

Toxicity Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ecological information on ingredients.

Quick Shine

HEXANE-norm

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, >: > 2.1 mg/l,

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

HEXANE-norm

Persistence and degradability

Volatile substances are degraded in the atmosphere within a few days.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Persistence and degradability

Volatile substances are degraded in the atmosphere within a few days.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative Potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Ecological information on ingredients.

HEXANE-norm

Bioaccumulative Potential The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances. BCF: ~ 200,

Estimated value.

Partition coefficient log Kow: ~ 3.9

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Bioaccumulative Potential The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

Mobility in soil

Mobility No data available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

HEXANE-norm

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate

easily from all surfaces.

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

Water - Koc: ~ 150 @ °C

Henry's law constant ~ 1.83 atm m3/mol @ °C

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate

easily from all surfaces.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

HEXANE-norm

Quick Shine

Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. **assessment**

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. assessment

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle

products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methodsDispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal

contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents.

Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal

documentation using the data shown in this section.

UN number

UN No. (ADG) 1268

UN No. (IMDG) 1268

UN No. (ICAO) 1268

UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADG) PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM))

Proper shipping name

(IMDG)

PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM))

Proper shipping name (ICAO) PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM))

Transport hazard class(es)

ADG class 3

ADG classification code F1

ADG label 3

IMDG class 3

ICAO class/division 3

Quick Shine

Transport labels



Packing group

ADG packing group II
IMDG packing group II
ICAO packing group III

Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS F-E, S-E

Hazchem Code 3YE

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Schedule (SUSMP) Schedule 5. Caution.

Inventories

Australia - AICS

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Any other relevant information

Training advice Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision comments NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

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Revision date 14/11/2016

Revision 1

SDS No. 21337

SDS status Approved.

Quick Shine

Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361d CLP only - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H361f CLP only - Suspected of damaging fertility.

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.