



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Brisk Low Foam

According to Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice, December 2011

#### SECTION 1: Identification: Product identifier and chemical identity

##### Product identifier

**Product name** Brisk Low Foam

##### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Application** Cleaning agent.

**Uses advised against** For professional use only. This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other than the Identified uses above.

##### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Autosmart Australia  
 11 Darrambal Close  
 Rathmines  
 NSW 2283  
 Australia  
[www.autosmartaustralia.com.au](http://www.autosmartaustralia.com.au)  
 Tel: 02 49 75 14 88 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST) (General Information. Transport Information. Mild Medical Information)  
[autosmart@autosmartaustralia.com.au](mailto:autosmart@autosmartaustralia.com.au)

**Contact Person** Mr. Russell Butler

##### Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** Emergency No: +44 7808 971321 (24hrs) (Autosmart International, UK)  
 General Information. Transport Information. Mild medical Information:-  
 Tel: 02 49 75 14 88 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST)

**National emergency telephone number** Poison Information Hotline: 13 11 26

#### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

##### Classification of the substance or mixture

**Physical hazards** Not Classified

**Health hazards** Eye Irrit. 2A - H319

**Environmental hazards** Not Classified

##### Label elements

##### Pictogram



**Signal word** Warning

## Brisk Low Foam

<b>Hazard statements</b>	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Precautionary statements</b>	<p>P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.</p> <p>P280 Wear eye protection.</p> <p>P280 Wear protective gloves.</p> <p>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</p> <p>P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.</p> <p>P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.</p> <p>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</p>

### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

<b>Tetrapotassium Pyrophosphate</b> CAS number: 7320-34-5	<b>3&lt;5%</b>
<b>Classification</b> Eye Irrit. 2A - H319	
<b>ETHANOL</b> CAS number: 64-17-5	<b>2&lt;3%</b>
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
<b>2-BUTOXYETHANOL</b> CAS number: 111-76-2 Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit.	<b>1&lt;2%</b>
<b>Classification</b> Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319	
<b>C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)</b> CAS number: 68439-46-3	<b>1&lt;2%</b>
<b>Classification</b> Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Eye Dam. 1 - H318	

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

## Brisk Low Foam

<b>General information</b>	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
<b>Protection of first aiders</b>	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<b>General information</b>	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.
<b>Skin contact</b>	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Irritating to eyes.

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

<b>Notes for the doctor</b>	Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
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### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### Extinguishing media

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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<b>Specific hazards</b>	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.
<b>Hazardous combustion products</b>	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.
<b><u>Advice for firefighters</u></b>	
<b>Protective actions during firefighting</b>	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
<b>Special protective equipment for firefighters</b>	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to Australia/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 4967 (for clothing) AS/NZS 1801 (for helmets), AS/NZS 4821 (for protective boots), AS/NZS 1801 (for protective gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

<b>Personal precautions</b>	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
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#### Environmental precautions

<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
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#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

<b>Methods for cleaning up</b>	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Following dilution, discharge to the sewer with plenty of water may be permitted. The requirements of the local water authority must be complied with if contaminated water is flushed directly to the sewer. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
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#### Reference to other sections

<b>Reference to other sections</b>	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
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### SECTION 7: Handling and storage, including how the chemical may be safely used

#### Precautions for safe handling

## Brisk Low Foam

**Usage precautions** Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage precautions** Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

**Storage class** Chemical storage.

### Specific end use(s)

**Specific end use(s)** The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

##### **ETHANOL**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 1000 ppm 1880 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

##### **2-BUTOXYETHANOL**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 20 ppm 96.9 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): 50 ppm 242 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Sk

Sk = Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

#### Tetrapotassium Pyrophosphate (CAS: 7320-34-5)

**Ingredient comments** No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

#### C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6) (CAS: 68439-46-3)

**Ingredient comments** No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

### Exposure controls

#### **Protective equipment**



## Brisk Low Foam

<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.
<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
<b>Hand protection</b>	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
<b>Other skin and body protection</b>	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
<b>Hygiene measures</b>	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and complies with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	Clear liquid.
<b>Colour</b>	Colourless.
<b>Odour</b>	Fruity. Pleasant, agreeable.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point</b>	Not available.
<b>Initial boiling point and range</b>	Not available.

## Brisk Low Foam

<b>Flash point</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapour density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	Not available.
<b>Solubility Value (g/100g H<sub>2</sub>O 20°C)</b>	Soluble in water. Miscible with water.
<b>Partition coefficient</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Comments</b>	Information declared as "Not available" or "Not applicable" is not considered to be relevant to the implementation of the proper control measures.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
<b>Stability</b>	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.
<b>Materials to avoid</b>	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

##### Acute toxicity - oral

**Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>)** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 29,775.54

##### Acute toxicity - dermal

**Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>)** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 90,163.93

##### Acute toxicity - inhalation

**Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>)** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)** 132.29

##### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Animal data** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Serious eye damage/irritation

**Serious eye damage/irritation** Causes serious eye irritation.

##### Respiratory sensitisation

## Brisk Low Foam

<b>Respiratory sensitisation</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Skin sensitisation</u></b>	
<b>Skin sensitisation</b>	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
<b><u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u></b>	
<b>Genotoxicity - in vitro</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Carcinogenicity</u></b>	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>IARC carcinogenicity</b>	Contains a substance/a group of substances which may cause cancer. IARC Group 1 Carcinogenic to humans.
<b><u>Reproductive toxicity</u></b>	
<b>Reproductive toxicity - fertility</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Reproductive toxicity - development</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u></b>	
<b>STOT - single exposure</b>	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
<b><u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u></b>	
<b>STOT - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
<b><u>Aspiration hazard</u></b>	
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>General information</b>	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Irritating to eyes.
<b>Route of entry</b>	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
<b>Target Organs</b>	No specific target organs known.
<b>Medical considerations</b>	Skin disorders and allergies.

### Toxicological information on ingredients.

#### Tetrapotassium Pyrophosphate

**Other health effects**                      There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

#### ETHANOL

#### Carcinogenicity

**IARC carcinogenicity**                      IARC Group 1    Carcinogenic to humans.



## Brisk Low Foam

### 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

#### Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD<sub>50</sub> mg/kg) 1,300.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 1,300.0

#### Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> mg/kg) 2,270.0

Species Rat

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,100.0

#### Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 11.0

#### Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Gene mutation:: Negative. This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

#### Carcinogenicity

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Fertility: - NOAEL 720 mg/kg, , Mouse

Reproductive toxicity - development Developmental toxicity: - NOAEL: 100 mg/kg, , Rat

### C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

## SECTION 12: Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity** Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

### 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

**Ecotoxicity** Not regarded as dangerous for the environment.

**Toxicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

### 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

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<b>Acute toxicity - fish</b>	LC <sub>50</sub> , 96 hours: > 100 mg/l, <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> (Bluegill)
<b>Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates</b>	EC <sub>50</sub> , 48 hours: 1550 mg/l, <i>Daphnia magna</i>
<b>Acute toxicity - aquatic plants</b>	EC <sub>50</sub> , >: > 100 mg/l,
<b>Acute toxicity - microorganisms</b>	EC <sub>50</sub> , >: > 1000 mg/l,
<b>Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage</b>	NOEC, 21 days: > 100 mg/l,
<b>Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates</b>	NOEC, 21 days: 100 mg/l, <i>Daphnia magna</i>

### C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)

<b>Acute toxicity - fish</b>	LC <sub>50</sub> , 96 hours: 10 mg/l, Fish
<b>Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates</b>	EC <sub>50</sub> , 48 hours: 10 mg/l, <i>Daphnia magna</i>
<b>Acute toxicity - aquatic plants</b>	IC <sub>50</sub> , 72 hours: 10 mg/l, Algae

### Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** The degradability of the product is not known.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

#### Tetrapotassium Pyrophosphate

**Persistence and degradability** The product is biodegradable.

#### 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

**Persistence and degradability** The product is biodegradable.

**Biodegradation** Water - Degradation (%) 90.4: 28 days

#### C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)

**Persistence and degradability** The product is biodegradable. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them at their direct request, or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

### Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulative Potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

**Partition coefficient** Not available.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

#### Tetrapotassium Pyrophosphate

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**Bioaccumulative Potential** The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

### 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

**Bioaccumulative Potential** The product is not bioaccumulating.

**Partition coefficient** : 0.81

### C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)

**Bioaccumulative Potential** The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

### Mobility in soil

**Mobility** The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems. The product is non-volatile.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

#### Tetrapotassium Pyrophosphate

**Mobility** The product is soluble in water.

### 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

**Mobility** The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

**Adsorption/desorption coefficient** Water - Koc: ~ 67 @ °C

**Henry's law constant** 0.000016 atm m<sup>3</sup>/mol @ °C

**Surface tension** 65 mN/m @ °C

### C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)

**Mobility** The product is soluble in water.

### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

#### Tetrapotassium Pyrophosphate

**Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

### 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

**Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

### C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)

**Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

### Other adverse effects

**Other adverse effects** None known.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

## Brisk Low Foam

### Tetrapotassium Pyrophosphate

**Other adverse effects** The product may contribute to an excessive enrichment of the aquatic environment with nutrients.

#### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

##### Waste treatment methods

###### **General information**

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

###### **Disposal methods**

Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

#### SECTION 14: Transport information

###### **General**

The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

###### **UN number**

Not applicable.

###### **UN proper shipping name**

Not applicable.

###### **Transport hazard class(es)**

No transport warning sign required.

###### **Transport labels**

###### **Packing group**

Not applicable.

###### **Environmental hazards**

###### **Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant**

No.

###### **Special precautions for user**

Not applicable.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not applicable.

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

##### **Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

###### **Schedule (SUSMP)**

No Poison Schedule number allocated

## Brisk Low Foam

### Inventories

#### Australia - AICS

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### SECTION 16: Any other relevant information

<b>General information</b>	This product has been manufactured under ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 Quality and Environmental Management Systems.
<b>Training advice</b>	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
<b>Revision comments</b>	NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.
<b>Issued by</b>	Prepared by Autosmart International Ltd, Lynn Lane, Shenstone, Lichfield, Staffordshire, WS14 0DH, Great Britain. www.autosmartinternational.com rbutler@autosmart.co.uk Tel +44 (0)1543 481616
<b>Revision date</b>	22/09/2016
<b>Revision</b>	1
<b>SDS No.</b>	21272
<b>SDS status</b>	Approved.
<b>Hazard statements in full</b>	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.